

Town of Montgomery - P.O. Box 356 Montgomery Center, VT 05471 802-326-4719 www.montgomeryyt.us

### MINUTES of the REGULAR MEETING OF THE SELECTBOARD & WATER COMMISSION

Monday, August 15<sup>th</sup> 2022 6:30pm

Town Office Conference Room (86 Mountain Road) View Recording:

https://us02web.zoom.us/rec/share/-160n4F-zVE9DV0-7qZUsM60fprYieh58qxPCxtVwvZHD Los90cAqvZlVd9PAQy.c1kT5HtWmgo8KdU1

Passcode: !^%0\*aDp

In attendance: Charlie Hancock, Leanne Barnard, Emily Kimball, Suzanne Dollois; Visitors: Peter Locher, Alissa Hardy, Barry Kade; Sue Wilson (via Zoom)

Charlie called the meeting to order at 6:35pm

- 1. Review and make any changes to the agenda
  - a. Remove Revisions to Dog Ordinance
  - b. Add: Dedication of acceptance re: Crocker?
- 2. Review/approve minutes of the 8/1 board meeting (board action)
  - a. Motion: by Suzanne; seconded by Emily; 3-0-1 (Leanne Abstaining)
- 3. Public Works
  - a. Roads and Bridges (updates)
    - i. Town Garage Restructuring (board discussion)
      - First regular meeting since Mark gave his notice resigning as Public Works Director; table discussion to special meeting later this week where Mark can be present
    - ii. Municipal Grants in Aid FY23 Black Falls Road (board action)
      - 1. Charlie moved to execute the standard grant agreement in the amount of \$31k; seconded Emily; 4-0 approved
      - 2. Note: we need revisit grant time lines for projects and bid status
    - iii. Longley Bridge TAP (update)—no updates at this time
    - iv. Execution of Loan Documents re: new truck purchase (board action)
      - 1. Erin presented loan documents with provision to pick up or decline to take ownership of truck. Recommendation is to sell truck, but not execute loan documents and take possession of new truck until the board

- can have a discussion around budget status and department restructuring. Pending special meeting later this week where Mark can be present.
- v. Added: Dedication of acceptance re: Crocker table, material not ready for review

#### b. Buildings and Grounds

- i. 98 Main Street, USPS operations, commercial appraisal quote (*discussion*, *potential board action*)
  - 1. Charlie has called and emailed Post Master/Post Office Regional Manager twice a week since evacuation of 98 Main St. location, asking for USPS intentions around the building with no response. Town has still not received formal notification that USPS has left the location, or been notified of the reason for emergency evacuation. Town would prefer to renew lease at 98 Main St. location, however can't move forward until USPS response to request for communication.
  - 2. Need to postpone the appraisal for property (re: sale opportunity to Postal Realty Trust) until we have clarity from USPS.
  - 3. Town has had multiple outside inquiries regarding leasing he building since USPS moved out
  - 4. Charlie will notify USPS that we require a response by EOB Thursday, otherwise Town will take failure to respond to communication as a desire not to renew the lease agreement
- c. Water Commission (*update*)—no updates at this time

#### 4. Visitors

- a. Erin Kopacz, Municipal Treasurer re: multiple items (including under Old Biz and New Biz, below)
  - i. We have formally withdrawn from Bond Bank offer re: refinancing Water Dept given rate increases (Town would not see any savings).
  - ii. Erin recommending that Town put out RFP for IT services given rate increases from current vendor. Motion to allow Erin to issue RFP by Emily, seconded by Leanne; 4-0 approved
  - iii. Erin reviewed the invoices via Parking Lot paving process per Purchasing Policy (see below for board action)
  - iv. Erin relayed request from Mark Brouillette to use vacation time; question arised in light of lacking formal contract framework. Charlie moved to retroactively provide PTO accrual under the same framework provided to any other employee in the Public Works Department; seconded by Leanne; approved 4-0

#### 5. Old Business

- a. Municipal Wastewater and Streetscape Projects
  - i. Updates
    - 1. Wastewater update: Erin and Charlie in continued communication with State/DEC/Engineers re: capital stack and ERUs as move to final engineering. Continuing to work towards lower final loan amount.

- 2. Survey crew work underway in Center for Streetscape Engineering. Survey will provide ground level detail for final alternative discussions and re-engagement of public input process.
- 3. Need to schedule meeting week after Labor Day re: contacting Landowners re: survey work; tentatively Sep 8<sup>th</sup> at 6:30pm
- ii. Engineering Service Agreement for Center Streetscape/TAP Grant (discussion, board action)
  - 1. Town is in receipt of final ESA with state concurrence. Motion to accept engineering service agreement made by Suzanne; seconded by Leanne; 4-0
- b. Revisions to Dog Ordinance Complaint process/Formalized form (potential board action)
- c. Town Employee Contract Renewals (board action)
  - i. Motion adopt the contract renewal for Treasurer, Clerk and Assistant Clerk by Leanne; Seconded by Suzanne; 3-0-1 (Emily abstaining)
  - ii. Following on conversation from 8/1, formal motion to raise Constable wage from \$14/hr. to \$25/hr. made by Emily, seconded by Suzanne; 4-0 approved (constable hourly rate has been increased in almost a decade)
- d. Planning Commission Draft STR Ordinance (board discussion)
  - Board reviewed the draft Ordinance with members of the Planning Commission present. Discussion ensued. Board will send notes to PC for review at their next meeting.
- e. Purchasing Policy Process (board discussion)—with Erin Kopacz
  - i. Re: Parking Lot invoices, need formal approvals per Purchasing Policy.
  - ii. Motion to approve Warrant 1457 dated 8/3/22, totaling \$28,443.87, covering expenditures related to Purchasing Policy as presented by Treasurer made by Suzanne; seconded by Charlie, approved 4-0.
  - iii. Avery's invoice issue; contracted w/out a quote and have submitted \$6,800 invoice; Motion to approve payment of invoice 6576 from Avery, totaling \$6,800, made by Leanne; seconded by Suzanne; approved 4-0.

#### 6. New Business

- a. Bova request re: Baptist Parsonage Ownership claim (discussion)
  - i. Motion to draft letter to that regard, clarifying that the Town of Montgomery does not have, nor has ever had, a formal ownership interest in the property made by Charlie; seconded by Emily; 3-0-1 (Suzanne abstains)
- b. Parcel Mapping Vendor Proposal (board action)
  - i. Listers asking for permission to spend above \$1k cap and above budget to get maps done (multi-year commitment); currently \$1,600 budgeted; looking for

\$3,401.50 in FY23. Listers are under budget on wages, and under budget on training. Recommendation from Erin is to approve. Motion to approve contract with CTI by Emily; seconded by Leanne; 4-0

- c. DRB appointments (board action)
  - Motion to move to Mark Brouillette to Alternate status and appoint Mary Garceau to the primary seat to finish term by Suzanne; seconded by Leanne; 4-0 approval
- d. Errors and Omissions Adjustments from Listers (*board action*)—motion to accept the E&O Certificate from Listers by Emily; seconded by Leanne; 4-0 approval
- e. Drug and Alcohol Policy was formerly discussed and revised, but never signed; needs board signatures (request from Erin, previously approved by board). Motion to adopt Policy by Emily; seconded by Suzanne; 4-0 approved.
- f. Overweight Truck Permits (board action)
- g. Liquor/Tobacco Licenses (board action)
- 7. Open Mail / Sign Orders / Administrative Matters
- 8. Review Action Items for Board Members
- 9. Adjourn
  - a. Motion to adjourn made by Emily; Seconded Suzanne; 4-0
  - b. Meeting adjourned at 8:34

#### Introduction

This policy applies to employees and prospective employees of Town of Montgomery who operate commercial motor vehicles (CMVs) or who will operate CMVs if they are hired, transferred, or promoted. Employees and prospective employees are not subject to this policy by virtue of holding a CDL unless their job duties may require them to operate a CMV.

All other municipal employees are subject to the provisions of the municipality's personnel policy regarding alcohol and drug use and testing, if applicable.

The policy was developed based on the requirements articulated by the U.S. Department of Transportation (DOT) in Title 49, of the Code of Federal Regulations (CFR).

This personnel policy does not constitute a contract of employment.

### **Section 1: Applicability**

This policy applies to all Town of Montgomery employees and prospective employees who operate commercial motor vehicles (CMVs) while engaged in any municipal business. This policy supersedes any provisions in the town's personnel policy regarding the consequences of the possession or use of drugs and alcohol as they pertain to CMV operators.

For purposes of this policy,

Commercial motor vehicle or CMV means a motor vehicle or combination of motor vehicles as follows:

- Any single vehicle with a gross vehicle weight rating (GVWR) of 26,001 pounds or more.
- A combination vehicle with a gross combination weight rating (GCWR) of 26,001 or more pounds, provided the GVWR of the vehicle(s) being towed is in excess of 10,000 pounds.
- A vehicle designed to transport 16 or more passengers (including the driver).
- Any size vehicle which requires hazardous material placards or is carrying material listed as a select agent or toxin in 42 CFR part 73.

Individuals operating the above vehicles must have a valid commercial driver's license (CDL). Note that emergency vehicles (e.g. fire apparatus are not CMVs).

Each employee who is subject to this policy is required to sign an acknowledgement that he or she has been provided a copy of this policy. This acknowledgement will be maintained in the town's personnel files as part of the driver qualification file. An acknowledgement form is included as Appendix C.

Given the varied nature of municipal needs, employees who are employed to operate CMVs have the potential to serve in safety-sensitive functions during any part of their job. Therefore, employees are subject to this policy at all times while they are actively working and-during periods when they may be called into work (e.g. to respond to weather-related incidents, respond to emergency situations, etc.). Safety-sensitive functions and other terms are defined in Appendix A: Definitions. CMV operators will need to remain substance-free during expected winter events and other anticipated emergency

incidents, given the likelihood that they will be called in to work and thus must be in compliance with elements of this Drug & Alcohol Policy.

### Section 2: Responsibility for Employee Information

The Town of Montgomery has assigned Erin Kopacz as the individual who can provide employees with information regarding this Drug & Alcohol Policy and answer related questions on the pertinent issues. Employees may also obtain information about applicable Federal regulations from 49 CFR. Sources of information are provided in Appendix B of this policy.

### **Section 3: Prohibited Conduct**

Conduct listed in this section is prohibited.

- Having a verified positive, adulterated or substituted drug test result.
- Performing safety-sensitive functions after notification of a verified positive, substituted or adulterated drug test result or an EBT alcohol test result indicating a measured alcohol concentration of 0.02% or greater, regardless of when the drug or alcohol was ingested and regardless of whether or not the driver is under the influence of alcohol or using drugs, as defined in federal, state or local law.
- Reporting for duty or remaining on duty any time there is a quantifiable presence of a prohibited drug in the body above the minimum thresholds defined in 49 CFR PART 40, as amended.
- Consuming alcohol while performing safety-sensitive job functions or while on-call to perform safety-sensitive job functions. An on-call employee who has consumed alcohol must acknowledge the use of alcohol at the time that he/she is called to report for duty.
- Consuming alcohol within four (4) hours prior to the performance of safety-sensitive job functions.
- Misusing or being impaired by authorized or prescribed use of drugs or over-the counter medications which may affect work performance or pose a danger to the safety of the driver or to others. Drivers are required to inform the employer's designated representative of any therapeutic drug use that has the potential to impact the safe operation of equipment or motor vehicles.
- In cases where prescribed medication labeling suggests that machinery operation or driving may be compromised in any way, the driver shall obtain written authorization from the prescribing physician indicating that the driver is able to safely operate a CMV while using the substance. This must be provided to the municipality prior to operation of said CMV while using the prescribed substance(s).
- Reporting to work or remaining on duty requiring the performance of safety sensitive duties while having an alcohol concentration of 0.02% or greater regardless of when the alcohol was consumed.
- Consuming alcohol for eight (8) hours following involvement in an accident or before submitting to any required post-accident drug/alcohol testing, whichever occurs first.
- Engaging in the unlawful manufacture, distribution, dispensing, possession, or use of prohibited substances in the workplace including municipal premises, vehicles, while in uniform or while on municipal business.
- Refusal to submit to alcohol or drug testing, as defined in Section 4, below.

#### Section 4: "Testing Refusal" Defined

Under federal law, a test refusal is considered as a positive test and has the same consequences. An

employee or prospective employee is considered to have refused a test when s/he does any of the following:

- Fails to appear for any test within a reasonable time, as determined by the employer or testing pool administrator, after being directed to do so by the employer.
- Fails to remain at the testing site until the testing process is complete.
- Fails to provide a urine specimen for any drug test required by Part 40 or DOT agency regulations.
- In the case of an observed collection in a drug test, fails to permit the observation or monitoring of the collection of a specimen.
- Fails to provide a sufficient amount of urine when directed, and it has been determined, through a required medical evaluation, that there was no adequate medical explanation for the failure.
- Fails to provide an adequate amount of saliva or breath for any alcohol test required, and it has been determined, through a required medical evaluation, that there was no adequate medical explanation for the failure.
- Fails or declines to take a second test that the employer or collector has directed the employee to take
- Fails to undergo a medical examination or evaluation, as directed by the medical review officer (MRO) as part of the verification process, or as directed by the DER as part of the "shy bladder" procedures.
- Fails to cooperate with any part of the testing process (e.g., refuses to empty pockets when so directed by the collector, behaves in a confrontational way that disrupts the collection process);
- If the MRO reports that there is verified adulterated or substituted test result.

### **Section 5: Testing**

All testing and specimen collection prescribed under this policy will be done in accordance with federal requirements. Prescribed testing includes pre-employment, random, reasonable suspicion, post-accident, return to duty, and follow-up, if applicable.

Testing shall be conducted in a manner to assure a high degree of accuracy and reliability and using techniques, equipment, and laboratory facilities which have been approved by the U.S. Department of Health and Human Service (DHHS). All testing will be conducted consistent with the procedures set forth in 49 CFR Part 40, as amended. The procedures will be performed in a private, confidential manner, and every effort will be made to protect the employee, the integrity of the drug testing procedure, and the validity of the test result.

### **Section 5a: The Drug Testing Process**

The drug testing process will screen for drugs including marijuana, cocaine, opioids, amphetamines, and phencyclidine. The use of certain over-the-counter medications and other substances may result in a positive test.

After the identity of the donor is checked using picture identification, a urine specimen will be collected using the split specimen collection procedure. Each specimen will be accompanied by a DOT Chain of Custody and Control Form and identified using a unique identification number that attributes the specimen to the correct individual. The specimen analysis will be conducted at a DHHS certified laboratory.

An initial drug screen and validity test will be conducted on the primary urine specimen. For those specimens that are not negative, a confirmatory Gas Chromatography/Mass Spectrometry (GC/MS) test will be performed. The test will be considered positive if the amounts of the drug(s) and/or its metabolites identified by the GC/MS test are above the minimum thresholds established in 49 CFR Part 40, as amended.

The test results from the DHHS certified laboratory will be reported to a Medical Review Officer (MRO). The MRO is a licensed physician with detailed knowledge of substance abuse disorders and drug testing. The MRO will review the test results to ensure the scientific validity of the test and to determine whether there is a legitimate medical explanation for a verified positive, substituted, or adulterated test result. The MRO will:

- Attempt to contact the employee to notify the employee of the non-negative laboratory result and provide the employee with an opportunity to explain the confirmed laboratory test result.
- Review any medical history and/or medical records that have been offered by the employee-to determine whether there is a legitimate medical explanation for a non-negative laboratory result. If no legitimate medical explanation is found, the test will be confirmed as a verified positive or a refusal to test and reported to the Town of Montgomery Designated Employer Representative (DER). If a legitimate explanation is found, the MRO will report the test result as negative to the DER and no further action will be taken. If the test is invalid without a medical explanation, a retest will be conducted under direct observation.

Any covered employee who questions the results of a required drug test performed under this policy may request that the split specimen be tested. The employee's request for a split specimen test must be made to the MRO within 72 hours of notice of the original specimen verified test result. Requests after 72 hours will only be accepted at the discretion of the MRO if the delay was due to documentable facts beyond the control of the employee.

The original collected urine specimen is split into 2 specimens (primary specimen and split specimen) prior to testing, expressly for this purpose. The split specimen test must be conducted at a second DHHS-certified laboratory with no affiliation with the laboratory that analyzed the primary specimen. The test must be conducted on the split specimen that was provided by the employee at the same time as the primary specimen. The method of collecting, storing, and testing the split specimen will be consistent with the procedures set forth in 49 CFR Part 40, as amended.

Any covered employee, who elects to have a split specimen tested, agrees to fully reimburse the municipality for all costs associated with the testing. Reimbursement may be recouped via payroll deduction, or any other mutually agreeable method(s).

• If the analysis of the split specimen fails to confirm the presence of the drug(s) detected in the primary specimen, if the split specimen is not able to be analyzed, or if the results of the split specimen are not scientifically adequate, the MRO will declare the original test to be canceled and will direct a retest of the employee under direct observation. The retest must occur as quickly after notification as possible.

• The split specimen will be stored at the initial laboratory until the analysis of the primary specimen is completed. If the primary specimen tests negative, the split specimen will be discarded. If the primary specimen tests positive, the split specimen will be retained for testing if so requested by the employee through the MRO. If the primary specimen is positive, both the primary and split specimens will be retained in frozen storage for one year.

#### **Section 5b: Observed Collections**

Consistent with 49 CFR Part 40, collection under direct observation by a person of the same gender with no advance notice will occur in any of the following circumstances:

- The laboratory reports to the MRO that a specimen is invalid, and the MRO reports to the municipality that there was not an adequate medical explanation for the result.
- The MRO reports to the municipality that the original positive, adulterated, or substituted test result had to be cancelled because the test of the split specimen could not be performed.
- The test is a return-to-duty test or a follow-up test.
- The collector observes materials brought to the collection site or the employee's conduct clearly indicates an attempt to tamper with a specimen.
- The temperature of the original specimen was out of range; or
- The original specimen appeared to have been tampered with.

### **Section 5c: The Alcohol Testing Process**

Tests for breath alcohol concentration will be conducted by a trained Breath Alcohol Technician (BAT) using a National Highway Traffic Safety Administration (NHTSA)-approved Evidential Breath Testing device (EBT).

If the initial test results indicate that alcohol is present, a confirmatory test will be conducted at least fifteen minutes after the completion of the initial test and will be performed by a trained BAT using a NHTSA-approved EBT. The EBT will identify each test with a unique sequential identification number. This number, time, and unit identifier will be provided on each EBT printout. The EBT printout, along with an approved alcohol testing form, will be used to document the testing, all results, and to attribute the test to the correct employee.

The test will be performed in a private, confidential manner as required by 49 CFR Part 40, as amended. The procedure will be followed as prescribed to protect the employee, to maintain the integrity of the alcohol testing procedures and ensure the validity of the test result. An employee who has a confirmed alcohol concentration of 0.04% or higher will be considered to have a positive alcohol test and will be in violation of this policy. The consequences of a positive alcohol test are described in Section 6: Consequences of a Positive Test.

An employee undergoing alcohol testing who does not to provide a sufficient amount of breath to permit a valid breath test will be directed to obtain an evaluation within 5 days, from a licensed physician who has expertise in the medical condition raised by the employee's failure to provide a sufficient specimen. The results of this evaluation will be reviewed by the MRO to determine the result of the test.

Even though an employee who has a confirmed alcohol concentration of 0.02% to 0.039% is <u>not</u> considered to have had a positive test, the employee shall still be removed from safety-sensitive duties for twenty-four hours.

An alcohol concentration of less than 0.02% will be considered a negative test.

The municipality affirms the need to protect individual dignity, privacy, and confidentiality throughout the testing process. If at any time the integrity of the testing procedures or the validity of the test results is compromised, the test will be canceled. Minor inconsistencies or procedural flaws that do not affect the test result will not result in a cancelled test.

### **Section 5d: Pre-employment Testing**

When an individual applies to work for the town in a position that involves the operation of a CMV, or when a municipal employee is under consideration for a position that involves the operation of a CMV, that person will be required to undergo pre-employment urine **drug** testing. All offers of employment and offers for transfer for covered positions shall be <u>conditional</u> upon the applicant passing the drug test. Pre-employment testing must be completed **prior** to the individual working in the new position.

Pre-employment drug testing will be accomplished by providing advance notice of the test schedule and location to the position applicant. The length of the advance notice period will be kept as short as is reasonably feasible to coordinate and complete the test.

If an applicant fails a pre-employment drug test, the conditional offer of employment shall be rescinded. Prior to future consideration for employment performing safety sensitive duties, the municipality must receive evidence from a substance abuse professional that meets with the requirements 49 CFR part 40 as amended, regarding the absence of drug dependency. A negative pre-employment drug test will also be required.

Any applicant who fails a pre-employment drug test will be provided the results of the test along with the current Invest EAP brochure. This serves to provide the individual with information about substance abuse treatment opportunities.

When an existing employee is being placed, transferred, or promoted into a position that is covered by this policy and that person submits a drug test with a verified positive result, the employee may be subject to disciplinary action as outlined in the municipal personnel policies. That employee will also be eliminated from consideration for the position which triggered the need for the pre-employment test.

If a pre-employment/pre-transfer test is canceled for any reason, the applicant will be required to take and pass a pre-employment drug test before the individual is placed into a covered CDL position or performs safety sensitive duties.

#### **FMCSA Clearinghouse**

Effective January 6, 2020 in accordance with 49 CFR, all drivers shall be subjected to a query of the FMCSA Clearinghouse prior to employment as well as yearly throughout the driver's employment with this company. This is an employer responsibility.

Drivers should also note that the following information will be reported to the Clearinghouse by both the Medical Review Officer, the Consortium/TPA and/or the employer. Drivers who fail to provide the necessary authorization to complete the initial or annual query will be subject to termination.

- A verified positive, adulterated, or substituted drug test result;
- An alcohol confirmation test with a concentration of 0.04 or higher;
- A refusal to submit to a drug or alcohol test;
- An employer's report of actual knowledge, as defined at 49 CFR § 382.107;
- On -duty alcohol use pursuant to 49 CFR § 382.205;
- Pre-duty alcohol use pursuant to 49 CFR § 382.207;
- Alcohol use following an accident pursuant to 49 CFR § 382.209;
- Drug use pursuant to 49 CFR § 382.213;
- SAP's report of the successful completion of the return-to-duty process;
- A negative return-to-duty test; and,
- An employer's report of completion of follow-up testing.

### **Section 5e: Random Testing**

All municipal CDL drivers are placed in the VLCT PACIF-sponsored Drug & Alcohol Testing Consortium that is operated by the third party administrator, Occupational Drug Testing, LLC (ODT). These employees are subject to random, unannounced testing. There is no discretion on the part of the employer or supervisor in the selection and notification of the individuals who are to be tested. The selection of employees is made by a scientifically valid method of randomly generating an employee identifier from the pool of covered employees.

The dates for administering unannounced testing are randomly selected each quarter, with a minimum percentage of the pool's drivers selected for drug testing, alcohol testing, or both as required by Federal regulations and updated each calendar year.

Random drug tests can be conducted at any time during an employee's shift. Random alcohol tests can be performed just before, during, or just after the performance of a safety-sensitive duty. Employees are required to <u>proceed immediately to the collection site</u> or make themselves immediately available to collectors when they notified that they have been selected for testing.

### **Section 5f: Reasonable Suspicion Testing**

All covered employees will be subject to a reasonable suspicion drug and/or alcohol test when there is a reasonable suspicion to believe that drug or alcohol use is occurring, has recently occurred, or that the person is under the influence of drugs or alcohol. "Reasonable suspicion" shall mean that there is objective evidence, based upon specific, contemporaneous, describable observations of the employee's appearance, behavior, speech or body odor that are consistent with possible drug use and/or alcohol misuse.

Reasonable suspicion drug test referrals will only be made by a supervisor or other designated individual with employee monitoring and assignment responsibilities who has received "reasonable

suspicion training" in accordance with FMCSA regulations. The training ensures that supervisors or other designated employees with similar responsibilities have the skills and knowledge to objectively detect the signs and symptoms of drug and alcohol use in employees covered by this policy.

A reasonable suspicion alcohol test can only be conducted just before, during, or just after the performance of a safety-sensitive job function. A reasonable suspicion drug test can be performed any time the covered employee is on duty.

The Town of Montgomery shall be responsible for transporting the employee who will be tested to a suitable testing site identified by ODT. Transport shall include travel to and from the location and to the individual's residence, as they should not be permitted to work when they may be under the influence of a drug or alcohol.

Supervisors should avoid placing themselves and/or others into a situation which might endanger the physical safety of those present. An employee who refuses an instruction to submit to a reasonable suspicion drug/alcohol test shall not be permitted to finish his or her shift and will be subject to other employment consequences. Failure to submit to a reasonable suspicion test is prohibited conduct (test refusal), the consequences of which are outlined in <u>Section 6: Consequences of a Positive Test</u>.

A written record of the observations that led to a reasonable suspicion drug/alcohol test shall be prepared and signed by the supervisory individual making the observation. This record shall be prepared prior to the release of the test results. This written record shall be submitted to the Town Clerk.

### **Section 5g: Post Accident Testing**

All covered employees will be required to undergo post-accident urine and breath testing if they are involved in an accident with a CMV that meets the criteria outlined in the following chart:

If the accident involved any of the following:	Qualifying event: Was a citation issued to the CMV driver?	Must test be performed by employer?
Human fatality	YES	YES
Human fatality	NO	YES
Bodily injury with immediate medical treatment away from the scene.	YES	YES
Bodily injury with immediate medical treatment away from the scene.	NO	NO
Disabling damage to any motor vehicle requiring tow away.	YES	YES
Disabling damage to any motor vehicle requiring tow away.	NO	NO

All post-accident drug and alcohol testing should be completed within 2 hours of the accident.

If an alcohol test required by this section is not administered within two hours following the accident, the municipality will document and maintain a record stating the reason(s) why the test was not promptly administered. If an alcohol test required by this section is not administered within eight hours following the accident, the municipality will cease attempts to administer an alcohol test and will document the conditions that led to the time delay and failure to test.

If a drug test required by this section is not administered within 32 hours following the accident, the municipality will cease attempts to administer a controlled substances test and will document and maintain a record stating the reasons the test was not given within the required timeframe.

#### **Section 6: Consequences of a Positive Test**

The medical review officer will report positive test results to the DER only after the verifying the test results as outlined in 49 CFR, Part 40 as amended. When the DER is notified of this positive test result, the employee will be immediately suspended from operating CMVs and other safety-sensitive duties for the municipality and will be referred to a Substance Abuse Professional (SAP) for substance abuse assessment and/or treatment.

On the day that the positive test results are received, the employee will be suspended from all duties with pay. Subsequent to that, the employee may be suspended without pay. The employee's length of suspension will run the period of time in which it takes the individual to satisfactorily complete the treatment (as confirmed by the treating SAP), and last for up to 3 months from the date the positive test result was received. After that period, if the employee has not successfully completed treatment, the employee may be terminated.

Any employee who has an initial positive test and has the split sample tested and obtains a negative result will immediately be permitted to return to their normal job duties.

An employee who provides written documentation from an SAP that substance abuse treatment has been satisfactorily completed within the 3-month suspension period must fulfill all return to duty testing requirements in <u>Section 7: Return to Duty Testing</u> prior to performing any safety-sensitive duties. Follow-up testing will also be required as directed by the SAP.

An employee who has a second positive test after completing return to duty testing may be terminated.

### **Section 7: Return to Duty Testing**

Covered employees having a positive test will not be permitted to return to duty (to safety sensitive functions) until after a substance abuse professional has determined that the employee has successfully complied with prescribed education and/or treatment. The SAP will authorize the return to duty testing only when the employee is known to be drug and alcohol-free and there is no risk to public safety. The SAP will provide written documentation that the treatment has been completed and that the employee may undergo return to duty testing. The employee will then be allowed to take a return-to-duty test, as directed by the treating SAP.

The employee must have a negative drug test result and/or an alcohol test with an alcohol concentration of less than 0.02 before they may return to duty. For an initial positive drug test, a return to duty drug test is required and an alcohol test is allowed. For an initial positive alcohol test, a return to duty alcohol test is required and a drug test is allowed. Return to duty testing MUST be performed under direct observation.

### **Section 8: Follow-Up Testing**

After satisfactory completion of return to duty testing, the driver is required to submit to <u>at least</u> 6 follow up tests during the first 12 months after resuming safety sensitive duties. Follow-up testing may be required for up to 60 months unless the substance abuse professional determines that testing is no longer warranted. The number and frequency of follow-up tests will follow the written guidance provided by the treating SAP. All follow-up tests are unannounced and may include testing for drugs and/or alcohol.

Follow-up alcohol testing will be conducted only when the driver is performing or just before performing safety sensitive functions, or just after the driver has ceased performing safety-sensitive functions. Follow-up testing MUST be performed under direct observation.

Follow-up testing is separate from and in addition to random, post-accident, reasonable suspicion, and return to duty testing.

#### **Section 9: Employee Information**

Employees are encouraged to seek information regarding the effects of alcohol and controlled substances and their health, employment, and personal life. Such information is available at:

http://www.samhsa.gov/;

http://www.fmcsa.dot.gov/rules-regulations/topics/drug/drug.htm

http://www.investeap.org/

http://www.dot.gov/odapc/employee-handbook-english

#### **APPENDIX A: Definitions**

**Accident** means an occurrence associated with the operation of a CMV, if as a result:

- An individual dies, or
- An individual suffers a bodily injury and immediately receives medical treatment away from the scene of the accident, or,
- One or more vehicles incur disabling damage as the result of the occurrence and are transported away from the scene by a tow truck or other vehicle. For purposes of this definition, *disabling damage* means damage that precludes departure of any vehicle from the scene of the occurrence in its usual manner in daylight after simple repairs. Disabling damage includes damage to vehicles that could have been operated but would have been further damaged if so operated, but does not include:
  - o damage which can be remedied temporarily at the scene of the occurrence without special tools or parts, or
  - o tire disablement without other damage even if no spare tire is available, or
  - o damage to headlights, taillights, turn signals, horn, mirrors or windshield wipers that makes them inoperative.

**Adulterated specimen** is a specimen that has been altered, as evidenced by test results showing either a substance that is not normally found in that type of specimen or showing an abnormal concentration of a substance that is normally found in that specimen.

*Alcohol* means the intoxicating agent in beverage alcohol, ethyl alcohol, or other low molecular weight alcohols contained in any beverage, mixture, mouthwash, candy, food, preparation or medication.

*Alcohol Concentration* is expressed in terms of grams of alcohol per 210 liters of breath as measured by an evidential breath-testing device (EBT).

Commercial motor vehicle means a motor vehicle or combination of motor vehicles used in commerce, to transport passengers, or property if the motor vehicle:

- Has a gross combination weight rating of 11,794 or more kilograms (26,001 or more pounds) inclusive of a towed unit with a gross vehicle weight rating of more than 4,536 kilograms (10,000 pounds); or
- Has a gross vehicle weight rating of 11,794 or more kilograms (26,001 or more pounds); or
- Is designed to transport 16 or more passengers, including the driver; or
- Is of any size and is used in the transportation of materials found to be hazardous for the purposes of the Hazardous Materials Transportation Act and which require the motor vehicle to be placarded under the Hazardous Materials Regulations (49 CFR part 172, subpart F).

*Covered Employee* means an employee who performs a safety-sensitive function including an applicant or transferee who will be hired to perform a safety-sensitive function. Employees who operate CMVs are considered to be performing safety-sensitive functions.

*Medical Review Officer (MRO)* means a licensed physician (medical doctor or doctor of osteopathy) who is responsible for receiving laboratory results generated by the drug testing program who has knowledge of substance abuse disorders and has appropriate medical training to interpret and evaluate an individual's confirmed positive test result, together with his/her medical history and any other relevant bio-medical information.

*Negative test result* for a drug test means a verified presence of the identified drug or its metabolite below the minimum levels specified in 49 CFR Part 40, as amended. An alcohol concentration of less than 0.02% BAC is a negative test result.

*Negative Dilute* is a drug test specimen showing a creatinine level of greater than 5mg/dl and less than 20 mg/dl.

*Non-negative test result* is a test result found to be adulterated, substituted, invalid, or positive for a drug or drug metabolites. Non-negative results are considered a positive test or a refusal to test if the MRO cannot determine a legitimate medical explanation for the result or the refusal.

**Observed Collection** means the donor will provide his or her sample under the direct observation of either a collector or another individual of the same gender. The donor must raise his or her shirt, blouse, or dress/skirt, as appropriate, above the waist; and lower clothing and underpants to show the observer, by turning around, that he/she does not have a prosthetic device. After the observer has determined that the donor does not have a prosthetic device, the donor may return his/her clothing to its proper position for observed urination.

**Positive test result** for a drug test means a verified presence of the identified drug or its metabolite at or above the minimum levels specified in 49 CFR Part 40, Section 40.87 as amended. A positive alcohol test result means a confirmed alcohol concentration of 0.04% BAC or greater. Any positive test result reported to the DER by the medical review officer is verified by the MRO prior to reporting.

**Primary specimen**. In drug testing, the primary specimen is the urine specimen bottle that is opened and tested by a first laboratory to determine whether the employee has a drug or drug metabolite in his or her system; and for the purpose of validity testing. The primary specimen is distinguished from the split specimen, defined in this section.

**Prohibited drug** means marijuana, cocaine, opiates, amphetamines, phencyclidine, or MDMA (ecstasy) at levels above the minimum thresholds specified in 49 CFR Part 40, as amended.

Safety-sensitive function includes the timeframe that begins when a driver starts work or is required to be in readiness to work until the time he/she is relieved from work and all responsibility for performing work. Safety-sensitive functions shall include:

- All time at an employer or shipper plant, terminal, facility, or other property, or on any public property, waiting to be dispatched, unless the driver has been relieved from duty by the employer;
- All time inspecting, servicing, or conditioning any commercial motor vehicle at any time;
- All time spent at the driving controls of a commercial motor vehicle in operation;
- All time, other than driving time, in or upon any commercial motor vehicle except time spent resting in a sleeper berth;

- All time loading or unloading a vehicle, supervising, or assisting in the loading or unloading, attending a vehicle being loaded or unloaded, remaining in readiness to operate the vehicle, or in giving or receiving receipts for shipments loaded or unloaded; and
- All time repairing, obtaining assistance, or remaining in attendance upon a disabled vehicle.

*Shy Bladder* refers to any time a safety-sensitive employee is unable to provide a 45ml. sample of urine in a single void within a three hour time period.

**Split specimen**. In drug testing, a part of the urine specimen that is sent to a first laboratory and retained unopened, and which is transported to a second laboratory in the event that the employee requests that it be tested following a verified positive test of the primary specimen or a verified adulterated or substituted test result.

Substance Abuse Professional (SAP) means a licensed physician (medical doctor or doctor of osteopathy) or licensed or certified psychologist, social worker, employee assistance professional, or addiction counselor (certified by the National Association of Alcoholism and Drug Abuse Counselors Certification Commission or by the International Certification Reciprocity Consortium/Alcohol and other Drug Abuse) with knowledge of and clinical experience in the diagnosis and treatment of drug and alcohol related disorders.

*Verified negative test* means a drug test result reviewed by a medical review officer and determined to have no evidence of prohibited drug use above the minimum cutoff levels established in DOT Rule 49 CFR Part 40 Section 40.87 as revised.

**Validity testing** is the evaluation of the specimen to determine if it is consistent with normal human urine. The purpose of validity testing is to determine whether certain adulterants or foreign substances were added to the urine, if the urine was diluted, or if the specimen was substituted.

#### **APPENDIX B: Contacts & Information**

### DISA (formerly OCCUPATIONAL DRUG TESTING, LLC)

Manchester, NH 800-211-4469

#### **VLCT/PACIF**

Risk Management Services 89 Main St. Montpelier, Vermont 05602 802-229-9111

### **INVEST EAP (SAP services)**

108 Cherry Street, Suite 203 Burlington, Vermont 05401 MAIN OFFICE: 888.392.0050

FAX: 802.863-7515 staff@investeap.org

#### **Employee Access to Information**

49 CFR part 40 and 49 CFR part 382 must be available upon request to covered employees and representatives of employee organizations. 49 CFR part 40 is accessible on line at <a href="http://www.dot.gov/ost/dapc">http://www.dot.gov/ost/dapc</a>, by fax on demand at 1-800-225-3784 requesting document 151, by phone at 1-866-512-1800, or by writing to U.S. Department of Transportation, Office of Drug and Alcohol Policy and Compliance, 400 Seventh Street SW, Room 10403, Washington, D.C. 20590.

### APPENDIX C: CMV Drug & Alcohol Testing Policy-Acknowledgement Form

Town of M	1ontgomery
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I HEREBY ACKNOWLEDGE that I have received a copy of and read and understand my employer's **CMV Drug & Alcohol Testing Policy.** I understand that I must abide by its terms as a condition of employment. I understand that during my employment I may be required to submit to a controlled substances and/or alcohol test based on U.S. Department of Transportation (DOT) and Federal Motor Carrier Safety Administration (FMCSA) regulations.

I also understand that refusal to submit to a controlled substances or alcohol test is a violation of DOT regulations and the above referenced policy and may result in disciplinary action, including suspension (with or without pay) or termination of employment for gross and willful misconduct. I further understand the consequences of controlled substances and/or alcohol use as outlined in this policy.

I acknowledge that the provisions of my employer's CDL Drug and Alcohol Policy are part of the terms and conditions of my employment, and that I agree to abide by them.

By signing below, I also acknowledge that I understand the meaning of this form and agree that it will be used to document my understanding of the CDL Drug & Alcohol Testing Policy.

Printed Name of Employee/Applicant:		
Signature of Employee/Applicant:		
Employee/Applicant CDL ID #		
Date:		
Witness Signature:		
Date:		
Original Acknowledgment of Receipt and Understanding will be kept in the Driver's Qualification File. Check here $\Box$ to confirm copy given to employee/applicant.		

APPENDIX D: Drug Cutoff & Testing Limits as per DOT Rule 49 CFR Part 40 Section 40.87

Initial test analyte	Initial test cutoff <sup>1</sup>	Confirmatory test analyte	Confirmatory test cutoff concentration
Marijuana metabolites (THCA)²	50 ng/mL <sup>3</sup>	THCA	15 ng/mL.
Cocaine metabolite (Benzoylecgonine)	150 ng/mL <sup>3</sup>	Benzoylecgonine	100 ng/mL.
Codeine/ Morphine	2000 ng/mL	Codeine Morphine	2000 ng/mL. 2000 ng/mL.
Hydrocodone/ Hydromorphone	300 ng/mL	Hydrocodone Hydromorphone	100 ng/mL. 100 ng/mL.
Oxycodone/ Oxymorphone	100 ng/mL	Oxycodone Oxymorphone	100 ng/mL. 100 ng/mL.
6-Acetylmorphine	10 ng/mL	6-Acetylmorphine	10 ng/mL.
Phencyclidine	25 ng/mL	Phencyclidine	25 ng/mL.
Amphetamine/ Methamphetamine	500 ng/mL	Amphetamine Methamphetamine	250 ng/mL. 250 ng/mL.
MDMA <sup>4</sup> /MDA <sup>5</sup>	500 ng/mL	MDMA MDA	250 ng/mL. 250 ng/mL.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>For grouped analytes (i.e., two or more analytes that are in the same drug class and have the same initial test cutoff):

*Immunoassay:* The test must be calibrated with one analyte from the group identified as the target analyte. The cross-reactivity of the immunoassay to the other analyte(s) within the group must be 80 percent or greater; if not, separate immunoassays must be used for the analytes within the group.

Alternate technology: Either one analyte or all analytes from the group must be used for calibration, depending on the technology. At least one analyte within the group must have a concentration equal to or greater than the initial test cutoff or, alternatively, the sum of the analytes present (i.e., equal to or greater than the laboratory's validated limit of quantification) must be equal to or greater than the initial test cutoff.

#### NOTE: These cutoff limits may be subject to periodic revision by DOT.

[65 FR 79526, Dec. 19, 2000, as amended at 75 FR 49862, Aug. 16, 2010; 77 FR 26473, May 4, 2012; 82 FR 52244, Nov. 13, 2017]

 $<sup>^2</sup>$ An immunoassay must be calibrated with the target analyte,  $\Delta$ -9-tetrahydrocannabinol-9-carboxylic acid (THCA).

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup>Alternate technology (THCA and Benzoylecgonine): When using an alternate technology initial test for the specific target analytes of THCA and Benzoylecgonine, the laboratory must use the same cutoff for the initial and confirmatory tests (i.e., 15 ng/mL for THCA and 100ng/mL for Benzoylecgonine).

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup>Methylenedioxymethamphetamine (MDMA).

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>5</sup>Methylenedioxyamphetamine (MDA).